Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc.
Financial Statements
For the year ended May 31, 2019

Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. Financial Statements For the year ended May 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc.

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. (the organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at May 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at May 31, 2019, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the organization derives revenue from fundraising activities and cash receipts, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended May 31, 2019 and 2018, current assets as at May 31, 2019 and 2018, and net assets as at June 1 and May 31 for both the 2019 and 2018 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2019 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Collingwood, Ontario November 26, 2019

Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. Statement of Financial Position

| <u>May 31</u> | | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current Cash and bank Accounts receivable (Note 2) Prepaid expenses | \$ | 106,947 108,358 3,354 | \$ 164,706 182,644 4,497 |
| | | 218,659 | 351,847 |
| Capital assets (Note 3) | _ | 235,348 | 251,589 |
| | \$ | 454,007 | \$ 603,436 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4) Deferred revenue (Note 5) | \$ | 41,880 | \$ 93,339 115,911 |
| , , | | 41,880 | 209,250 |
| Deferred capital funding (Note 6) | _ | 154,955 | 164,070 |
| | | 196,835 | 373,320 |
| Net assets | | 257,172 | 230,116 |
| | \$ | 454,007 | \$ 603,436 |

| Approved on behalf of the Board: | |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| | Directo |
| Eli Bull | Directo |

Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. Statement of Changes in Net Assets

| For the year ended May 31 | | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|---------------|
| | | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 230,116 | \$ 176,240 |
| F | | 07.05/ | F2 07/ |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | _ | 27,056 | 53,876 |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 257,172 | \$ 230,116 |

Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. Statement of Operations

| For the year ended May 31 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|--|--|
| Revenue CAO - coach grant CSIO- OHPSI MTSC base funding MTCS sport hosting MTCS OSRCF grant Ontario Trillium Foundation CFSA registration Sport development Competition fees Fundraising and sponsorship Other grant revenue Team fees Amortization of deferred capital funding | \$ 12,000 51,238 128,151 19,890 72,952 189,550 26,807 59,701 72,432 46,000 32,049 55,699 9,115 | \$ 10,761 48,631 128,151 5,140 - 197,250 20,426 28,527 87,303 46,633 25,326 221,605 9,115 |
| · | 775,584 | 828,868 |
| Expenses Administration Amortization Audit and legal Bank charges and interest Bad debts Competition expenses Fundraising Loss on disposal of capital assets Professional support Rent Sport development Staff support Team expenses Wages and benefits Water ramp | 35,170 15,811 14,436 7,028 30,333 77,203 29,927 430 12,700 17,622 114,779 15,521 21,577 355,991 | 28,464 16,333 15,585 6,872 90,304 29,703 - 12,045 16,599 87,192 8,983 108,440 384,894 6,750 |
| Operating surplus | 748,528 27,056 | 812,164 16,704 |
| Forgiveness of obligation (Note 10) | - | 37,172 |
| Excess of revenue over expenses for the year | \$ 27,056 | \$ 53,876 |

Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc. Statement of Cash Flows

| For the year ended May 31 | | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----|----------------|----------|
| Cash provided by (used in) | | | |
| Operating activities | | | |
| Excess of revenue over expenses for the year | \$ | 27,056 \$ | 53,876 |
| Items not involving cash Amortization | | 15,811 | 16,333 |
| Amortization of deferred capital funding Loss on disposal of capital assets | | (9,115) 430 | (9,115) |
| | | 34,182 | 61,094 |
| Changes in non-cash working capital balances | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 74,286 | 56,749 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 1,143 | 15,796 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | (51,459) | (71,226) |
| Deferred revenue | | (115,911) | 43,511 |
| | | (91,941) | 44,830 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash during the year | | (57,759) | 105,924 |
| Cash and bank, beginning of year | _ | 164,706 | 58,782 |
| Cash and bank, end of year | \$ | 106,947 \$ | 164,706 |

May 31, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Purpose of Organization

The organization is a not-for-profit organization incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario.

Freestyle Skiing Ontario's mission is to aid in the growth and development of all aspects of the sport of Freestyle Skiing, with emphasis on safety, fair play and excellence at all levels, in a fun and healthy, athlete-centered environment, with no barriers to participation.

The organization is exempt from income taxes under the income tax act of Canada.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue Recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Contributions relating to depreciable capital asset are deferred and amortized over the useful life of the depreciable capital asset acquired.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. This can result in deferred revenue if the funding is received prior to the expenses being incurred.

Contributed Materials and Services

Businesses and volunteers, including the Board of Directors, contribute materials and services to Freestyle Skiing Ontario each year to assist the organization in carrying out its operations. The organization recognizes contributions of materials and services when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the materials and services are used in the normal course of the organization's operations and would otherwise have been purchased. If the organization is unable to determine fair market value, these materials and services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Continued...

May 31, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

Computer equipment - 25 % diminishing balance
Water ramp - 20 year straight line
Trampolines - 10 year straight line
Equipment - 3 year straight line

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are charged to the financial instrument.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The amounts recorded for estimated useful life of capital assets, allowance for doubtful accounts and accrued liabilities is based on management's best estimates. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

2. Accounts receivable

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Accounts receivable HST receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts | \$ 82,677 52,453 (26,772) | \$ 159,356 23,288 - |
| | \$ 108,358 | \$ 182,644 |

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|-------|----|------|------------|
| May | JΙ | , Z(| ノリタ |

| 3. | Capital Assets | | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|----|---|--------|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | | | Cost | cumulated nortization | Cost | cumulated nortization |
| | Computer hardware Equipment Trampolines Water ramp | \$ | 2,948 7,883 23,760 257,314 | \$ 2,948 7,883 7,128 38,598 | \$ 3,967 7,883 23,760 257,314 | \$ 3,727 7,125 4,752 25,731 |
| | | \$ | 291,905 | \$ 56,557 | \$ 292,924 | \$ 41,335 |
| | Net book value | | | \$ 235,348 | | \$ 251,589 |
| 4. | Accounts payable and accruding accounts payable accounts payable Government remittances pay | | | | \$ 2019 37,099 4,781 41,880 | \$ 2018 79,190 14,149 93,339 |
| 5. | Deferred revenue | | | | | |
| | | | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | Change The World Grant Count Me In Workshop Grant Ontario Trillium Grant Ontario Trillium Grant - wate | er rai | mp | | \$ - - - | \$ 5,961 26,250 72,400 11,300 |
| | | | | | \$ - | \$ 115,911 |
| | | | | | | |

May 31, 2019

6. Deferred capital funding

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ontario Trillium Grant - water ramp Contributed materials | \$ 150,000 32,300 | \$ 150,000 32,300 |
| Less: accumulated amortization of deferred capital funding | 182,300 27,345 | 182,300 18,230 |
| | \$ 154,955 | \$ 164,070 |

7. Related Party Transactions

No remuneration was paid to directors and officers during the year and they had no interest in any transactions of the organization. Management, in addition to wages and fees, are reimbursed for certain administrative costs.

8. Financial Instrument Risk

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization is exposed to credit risk arising from its accounts receivable. The organization minimizes this risk by maintaining frequent communication with members that have outstanding balances to ensure the organization receives payment in a timely manner. The risk relating to the receivable balances is \$16,263 being one customer owing 20% (2018 - \$66,656; 42%) of the total receivable balance. The organization is also exposed to credit risk arising from its cash balances. The Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation (CDIC) insures Canadian current bank accounts and investments at a single financial institution to a maximum of \$100,000. The organization's bank accounts are held with one chartered bank.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the organization will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

May 31, 2019

9. Government Assistance

The organization received \$505,830 (2018 - \$462,770) in funding from government sources during the year, which represents 65% (2018 - 56%) of the organization's revenue. The organization is economically dependent on this funding.

10. Forgiveness of obligation

In the previous year, an amount of \$37,172 (plus HST of \$4,833), accrued in 2017 owing to Mount St. Louis Moonstone, was forgiven. The amount was forgiven by Mount St. Louis Moonstone in appreciation of the valuable business opportunities generated from their ongoing association with Freestyle Skiing Ontario Inc.